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# **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 Product identifier

SDS Identifier V2800SS

Catalog numbers A-2800, S-2800

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Components of water analysis test kits

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

AquaPhoenix Scientific, Inc. 860 Gitts Run Road Hanover PA 17331 United States

Telephone: (717) 632-1291

e-mail: info@aquaphoenixsci.com

Website: https://www.aquaphoenixsci.com/

e-mail (competent person) scraig@aquaphoenixsci.com (Stephen Craig)

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service ChemTel Inc.: 1-800-255-3924, +01-813-248-0585

# **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Skin Corr. 1A	H314
serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350
hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	3	Aquatic Acute 3	H402
hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	2	Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

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The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labeling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS05, GHS06, GHS08,

GHS09







#### - Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.H350 May cause cancer.H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### - Precautionary statements

P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P264+P265 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P361+P354 IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for

several minutes.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P354+P338 IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P316 Get emergency medical help immediately.
P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling sulfuric acid

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#### 2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
deionized water	CAS No 7732-18-5	61		
sulfuric acid	CAS No 7664-93-9	39	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Carc. 1A / H350 Aquatic Acute 3 / H402 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	<b>1</b>

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

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#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

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#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations

Wear impact- and splash-resistant eyewear.

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

Do not mix with alkali.

- Keep away from

Caustic solutions

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, high temperatures, light, UV-radiation/sunlight

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]		Source
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PEL (CA)		0.1		3				Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	REL		1 (10 h)						NIOSH REL
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PEL		1						29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	TLV®		0.2					t	ACGIH® 2023

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period

(unless otherwise specified)

t thoracic fraction

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified

# Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint		Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	DNEL	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	DNEL	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

# Relevant PNECs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.003 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	8.8 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)

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# **Relevant PNECs of components**

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.002 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	PNEC	0.002 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Product description: Acidifier Solution: Plastic bottle, contains approximately 9 mL of liquid reagent. Test kits contain one (1) bottle of solution. Acidifier Solution packs contain six (6) bottles of solution

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liquid
colorless
odorless
1 °C
140 °C
not determined
non-combustible
not determined
not determined
not determined
not relevant
<1 (acid)
not determined

# Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapor pressure	23.7 mmHg at 25 °C
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# Density and/or relative density

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Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available
Relative density	1.2 (water = 1)

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

# 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

Release of flammable materials with:

Light metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

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# Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

#### Acute toxicity

Toxic if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Inhalation: vapor 7.692 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>I</sub>/4h

# Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	oral	2,140 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	inhalation: vapor	3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	inhalation: dust/mist	0.85 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

# Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

#### IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	1	

#### Legend

I Carcinogenic to humans

#### National Toxicology Program (United States): Report on Carcinogens

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	Known to be a human carcinogen	9th Report on Carcinogens

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#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	LC50	<28 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	EC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	ErC50	>100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of  $\geq$  0.1%.

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#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# 14.1 UN number

DOT UN 2796
IMDG-Code UN 2796
ICAO-TI UN 2796

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

DOT Sulphuric acid

IMDG-Code SULPHURIC ACID

ICAO-TI Sulphuric acid

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT 8

IMDG-Code 8

ICAO-TI 8

# 14.4 Packing group

DOT

IMDG-Code II

ICAO-TI II

# **14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic

environment)

sulfuric acid

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#### 14.6 Other relevant information

Shipping container markings and labels, received from CHEMetrics, may vary from the above information. Products that are regulated for transport will be packaged by CHEMetrics as Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities according to IATA, US DOT, and IMDG regulations. CHEMetrics may also elect to ship certain products as UN 3316 Chemical Kit, Hazard Class 9, Packing Group II or III. In case of reshipment, it is the responsibility of the shipper to determine appropriate labels and markings in accordance with applicable transportation regulations.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2796, Sulphuric acid, 8, II, environmentally haz-

ardous

Reportable quantity (RQ) 2,564 lbs (1,164 kg) (sulfuric acid)

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree

TOTAL TOTAL

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) 386, A3, A7, B2, B15, IB2, N6, N34, T8, TP2

ERG No 157

# International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category B

Segregation group 1 - Acids

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# International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 8



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 0,5 L

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

**National regulations (United States)** 

**Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)** all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE) or exempt from

listing

#### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities

Name of substance	Notes	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)
sulfuric acid		1,000	1000

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings

Name of substance	Remarks	Effective date
sulfuric acid	acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size	1986-12-31

#### Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

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- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
sulfuric acid		1	1000 (454)

#### Legend

#### **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

# **Right to Know Hazardous Substance List**

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	Remarks	Classifications
sulfuric acid		CA CO R2

Legend

CA Carcinogenic
CO Corrosive

R2 Reactive - Second Degree

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed

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<sup>&</sup>quot;1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act



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Country	Inventory	Status
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)
VN	NCI	all ingredients are listed

Legend

AIIC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)

ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances

ISHA-ENCS Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NCI National Chemical Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

# **Abbreviations and acronyms**

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH® 2023	From ACGIH®, 2023 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2023. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

# Key literature references and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

# **Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H350	May cause cancer.
H402	Harmful to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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